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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA

MICHAEL V. LUJAN,

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ELAINE SMITH, et al.,

Plaintiff,

Defendants.

Case No. 3:21-cv-00286-MMD-WGC

ORDER

This action began with a pro se civil rights complaint filed under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 by Plaintiff Michael V. Lujan. (ECF No. 1.) On September 16, 2021, this Court issued an order directing Lujan to file a completed application to proceed in forma pauperis ("IFP application") and a written notice of change of address by October 7, 2021. (ECF No. 4.) The deadline has now expired, and Lujan filed an IFP application (ECF No. 6) but has not filed his updated address.

District courts have the inherent power to control their dockets and "[i]n the exercise of that power, they may impose sanctions including, where appropriate . . . dismissal" of a case. Thompson v. Hous. Auth. of City of Los Angeles, 782 F.2d 829, 831 (9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action, with prejudice, based on a party's failure to prosecute an action, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules. See Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53-54 (9th Cir. 1995) (affirming dismissal for noncompliance with local rule); Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (affirming dismissal for failure to comply with an order requiring amendment of complaint); Carey v. King, 856 F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) (affirming dismissal for failure to comply with local rule requiring pro se plaintiffs to keep court apprised of address); Malone v. U.S. Postal Serv., 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (affirming dismissal for failure to

comply with court order); *Henderson v. Duncan*, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (affirming dismissal for lack of prosecution and failure to comply with local rules).

In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules, the Court must consider several factors: (1) the public's interest in the expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the Court's need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to Defendants; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic alternatives. See *Thompson*, 782 F.2d at 831; *Henderson*, 779 F.2d at 1423-24; *Malone*, 833 F.2d at 130; *Ferdik*, 963 F.2d at 1260-61; *Ghazali*, 46 F.3d at 53.

Here, the Court finds that the first two factors, the public's interest in expeditiously resolving this litigation and the Court's interest in managing the docket, weigh in favor of dismissal. The third factor, risk of prejudice to Defendants, also weighs in favor of dismissal, since a presumption of injury arises from the occurrence of unreasonable delay in filing a pleading ordered by the court or prosecuting an action. See Anderson v. Air West, 542 F.2d 522, 524 (9th Cir. 1976). The fourth factor—public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits—is greatly outweighed by the factors in favor of dismissal discussed herein. Finally, a court's warning to a party that his failure to obey the court's order will result in dismissal satisfies the "consideration of alternatives" requirement. See Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1262; Malone, 833 F.2d at 132-33; Henderson, 779 F.2d at 1424. The Court's order requiring Lujan to file his updated address with the Court by October 7, 2021, expressly stated: "If Plaintiff fails to comply with this Order, his action may be dismissed." (ECF No. 4 at 2.) Thus, Lujan had adequate warning that dismissal would result from his noncompliance with the Court's order.

It is therefore ordered that this action is dismissed without prejudice based on Lujan's failure to file a written notice of change of address, in compliance with this Court's September 16, 2021, order. (ECF No. 4.)

It is further ordered that the application to proceed *in forma pauperis* (ECF No. 6) is denied as moot.

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The Clerk of Court is directed to close the case and enter judgment accordingly. DATED THIS 12th Day of October 2021.

CHIEF UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE